

Assignment 2:

Object Recognition/Classification

Computer Vision
National Taiwan University

Spring 2021

Outline

Part 1: Bag-of-Words Scene Recognition

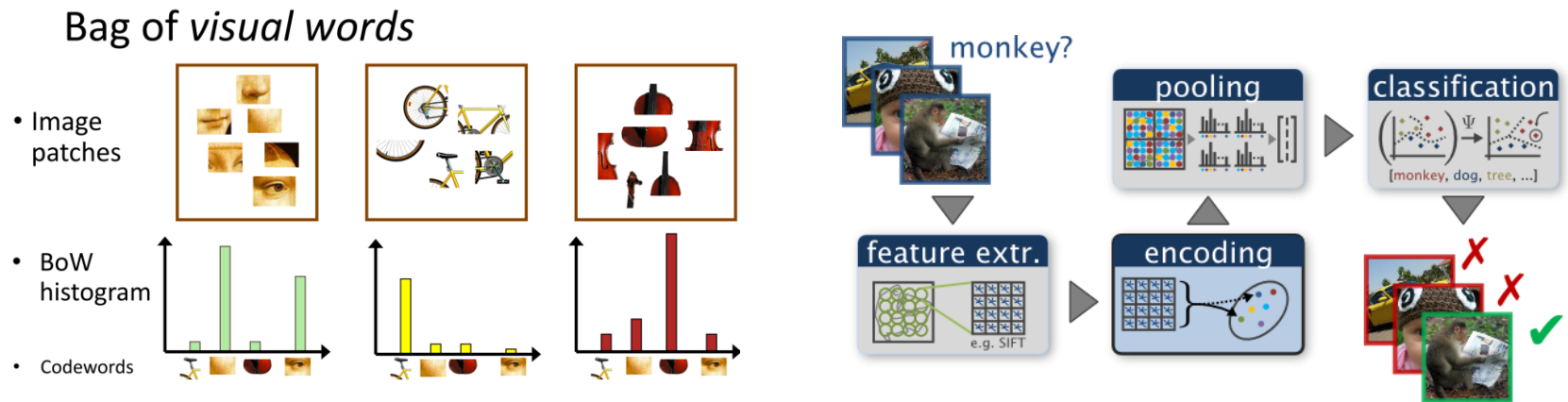
Part 2: Handwritten Digits Classification using CNN

Part 1:

Bag-of-Words Scene Recognition

BoW Scene Recognition

- Tiny images representation and nearest neighbor classifier
- Bag of SIFT representation and nearest neighbor classifier



Assignment Description

- `part1/p1.py`
 - Read image, construct feature representations, classify features, etc.
- `part1/get_tiny_images.py`
 - Build tiny images features.
- `part1/build_vocabulary.py`
 - Sample SIFT descriptors from training images, cluster them w/ kmeans and return centroids.
- `part1/get_bags_of_sifts.py`
 - Construct SIFT and build a histogram indicating how many times each centroid was used.
- `part1/nearest_neighbor_classify.py`
 - Predict the category for each test image.
 - **CAN NOT USE `sklearn.neighbors.KNeighborsClassifier`**

Assignment Description

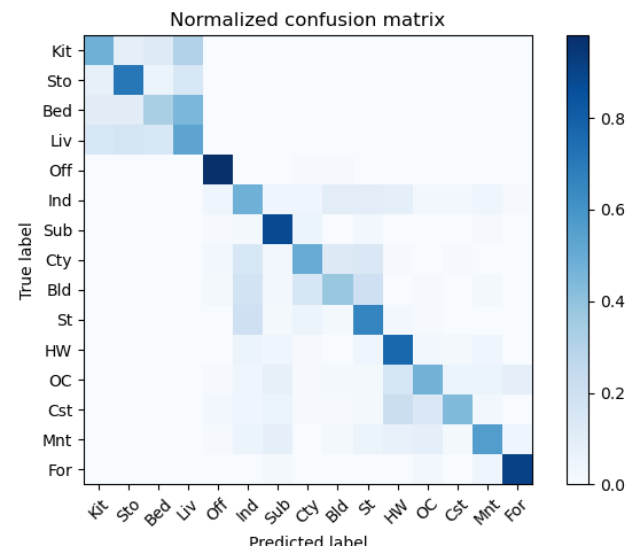
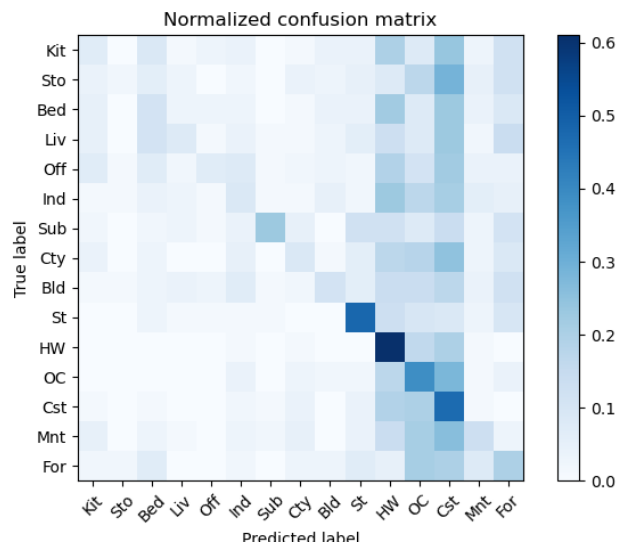
- hw2_data/p1/train
 - 100 images per category
- hw2_data/p1/test
 - 100+ images per category



```
p1
├── test
│   ├── Bedroom
│   ├── Coast
│   ├── Forest
│   ├── Highway
│   ├── Industrial
│   ├── InsideCity
│   ├── Kitchen
│   ├── LivingRoom
│   ├── Mountain
│   ├── Office
│   ├── OpenCountry
│   ├── Store
│   ├── Street
│   ├── Suburb
│   └── TallBuilding
└── train
    ├── Bedroom
    ├── Coast
    ├── Forest
    ├── Highway
    ├── Industrial
    ├── InsideCity
    ├── Kitchen
    ├── LivingRoom
    ├── Mountain
    ├── Office
    ├── OpenCountry
    ├── Store
    ├── Street
    ├── Suburb
    └── TallBuilding
```

Assignment Description

- Result visualization – confusion matrix

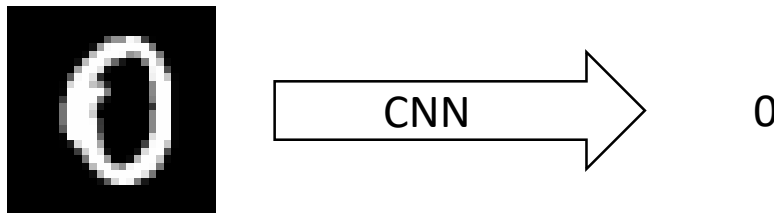


Part 2:

Handwritten Digits Classification using CNN

Digit Classification using CNN

- In this assignment, you will need to perform image classification which predicts labels to each image with CNN models.
 - Input : monochrome image
 - Output : classification label



Assignment Description

- part2/model.py
 - Build ConvNet(you may use LeNet-5 as baseline model)
 - Implement improved CNN model
 - Baseline and improved model **CAN NOT** import torchvision.models
- part2/data.py (**DO NOT MODIFY**)
 - Prepare dataset and dataloader
- part2/train.py
 - Train CNN model
- part2/eval.py
 - Evaluate model performance

```
class ConvNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(ConvNet, self).__init__()
        # TODO

    def forward(self, x):
        # TODO
        return out

    def name(self):
        return "ConvNet"

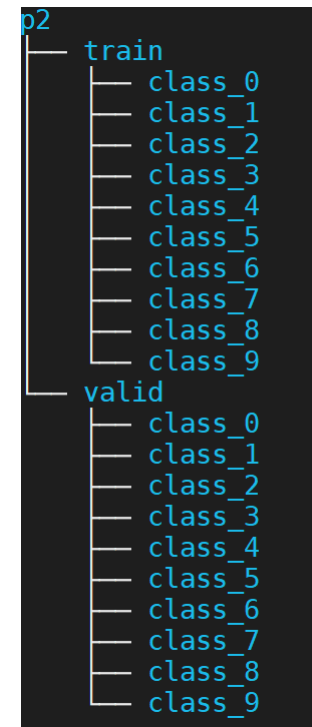
class MyNet(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super(MyNet, self).__init__()
        # TODO

    def forward(self, x):
        # TODO
        return out

    def name(self):
        return "MyNet"
```

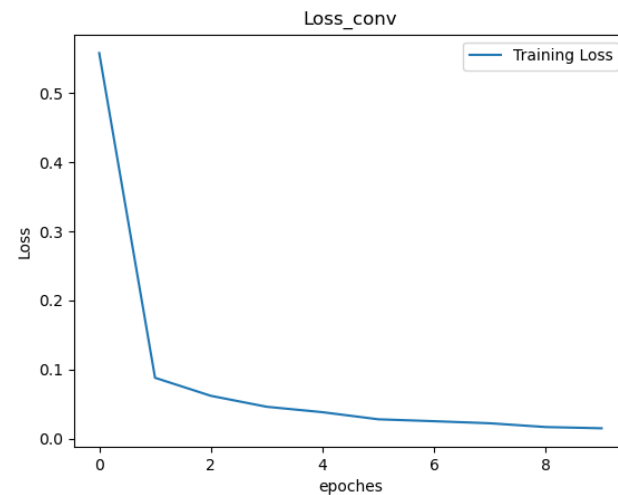
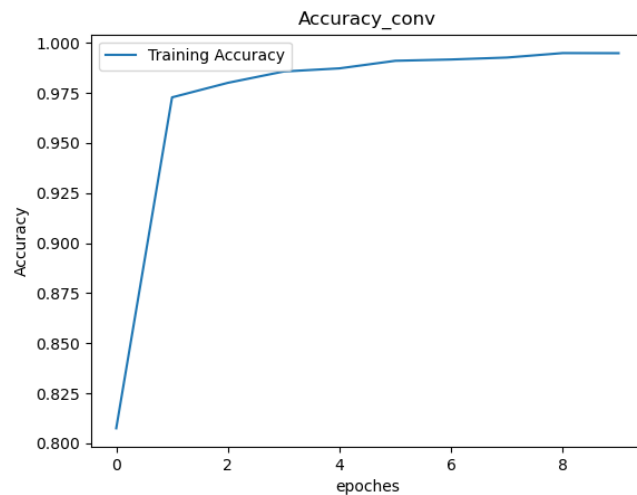
Assignment Description

- hw2_data/p2/train, hw2_data/p2/valid
- Images collected from MNIST
- Image shape: 28 x 28 x 1 (h x w x c)
- Training images:
 - 4000 images for each class, 40000 images in total
 - images: 0000.png , ... , 3999.png
- Validation images:
 - 1000 images for each class, 10000 images in total
 - images: 4000.png , ... , 4999.png



Assignment Description

```
ConvNet(  
    (conv1): Conv2d(1, 6, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))  
    (conv2): Conv2d(6, 16, kernel_size=(5, 5), stride=(1, 1))  
    (fc1): Linear(in_features=256, out_features=120, bias=True)  
    (fc2): Linear(in_features=120, out_features=84, bias=True)  
    (fc3): Linear(in_features=84, out_features=10, bias=True)  
)
```



Grading (Total 15%)

- Part 1 : 40%
 - Model Performance(25%)
 - Accuracy should be above the baseline score to get points
 - Tiny images + KNN(10%): 0.2
 - ~~• Bag of SIFT + KNN(15%): 0.6~~
 - Bag of SIFT + KNN(15%):
 - Weak baseline (9%): 0.55
 - Strong baseline (6%): 0.6
 - TAs will execute your code to check if you pass the baseline.
 - Report(15%)
 - (5%) Report accuracy of two settings
 - (5%) Plot confusion matrix of two settings
 - (5%) Compare the results of both settings and explain the result.

Grading (Total 15%)

- Part 2 : 60%
 - Model Performance(40%)
 - Accuracy should be above the baseline score to get points
 - On the validation set(15%+15%): **0.98**
 - On the test set(5%+5%): **0.96**
 - Accuracy of your improved model should be higher than the baseline model
 - TAs will execute your code to check if you pass the baseline.
 - Only TAs have the test data
 - Report(20%)
 - (4%) Print the network architectures & number of parameters of both models
 - (10%) Plot the learning curve (loss, accuracy) of the training process(train/validation). Total 4 plots.
 - (6%) Compare the results of both model and explain the result.

Execution of hw2

- TAs will run your code in the following manner:
- part1:
 - `python3 part1/p1.py $1 $2 $ 3`
 - \$1: type of feature representation (tiny images/SIFT)
 - \$2: type of classifier(nearest neighbor)
 - \$3: dataset path
 - E.g., `python3 part1/p1.py -- feature tiny_images -- classifier nearest_neighbor -- dataset_path ./data/`
- part2:
 - `python3 part2/eval.py $1 $2 $3`
 - \$1: directory of the testing images folder
 - \$2: type of model (conv/mynet)
 - \$3: path folder of the output prediction file
 - E.g., `python3 part2/eval.py ./test/ mynet ./output/out.csv`

Penalty

- If we can not reproduce your accuracy on the validation set, you will get 0 points in model performance and you will receive a 30% penalty in your report score.
- If we can not execute your code, we will give you a chance to make minor modifications to your code. After you modify your code,
 - If we can execute your code and reproduce your results on the validation set, you will still receive a 30% penalty in your homework score.
 - If we can run your code but cannot reproduce your accuracy on the validation set, you will get 0 points in model performance and you will receive a 30% penalty in your report score.
 - If we still cannot execute your code, you will get 0 in this problem.

Submission

- R07654321/
 - part1/
 - p1.py, get_tiny_images.py, build_vocabulary.py, get_bags_of_sifts.py, nearest_neighbor_classify.py
 - vocab.pkl, train_image_feats.pkl, test_image_feats.pkl
 - part2/
 - model.py, eval.py, train.py
 - Your model files
 - report_R07654321.pdf
- Compress all above files in a zip file named **StudentID.zip**
 - e.g. R07654321.zip
 - After TAs run “unzip R07654321.zip”, it should generate one directory named “R07654321”
 - Don't upload your dataset.
 - If any of the file format is wrong, you will get zero point.

Submission

- Submit to **NTU COOL**
- Deadline: **4/29 11:59 pm**
 - Late policy: http://media.ee.ntu.edu.tw/courses/cv/21S/hw/cv2021_delay_policy.pdf
- **Do not delete your trained model before the TAs disclose your homework score and before you make sure that your score is correct.**
- Note that you should **NOT** hard code any path in your file or script
- Your testing code have to be finished in 10 mins.
- We will execute you code on Linux system, so try to make sure your code can be executed on Linux system before submitting your homework.

Packages

- python: 3.6
- numpy: 1.19.2
- cyvlfeat: 0.5.1
- matplotlib: 3.3.4
- pillow: 8.1.2
- scipy: 1.5.2
- opencv-python: 4.5.1
- sklearn: 0.24.1
- pytorch: 1.5.1 (<https://pytorch.org/get-started/locally/>)
- torchvision: 0.6.1
- And other standard python packages
- E-mail or ask TA first if you want to import other packages.

TA information

- Bo-Ying Chen (陳柏穎)

E-mail: byc@media.ee.ntu.edu.tw

TA time: Thu. 14:00 - 15:30

Location: 博理 421

- Chih-Ting Liu (劉致廷)

E-mail: jackieliu@media.ee.ntu.edu.tw